

POSTSCRIPT LANGUAGE

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POSTSCRIPT calligrammes

By Jacques André

**"What kind of calligrammes
would Apollinaire design today
if he had POSTSCRIPT?"**

Apollinaire is a French poet who died in 1918. A major part of his oeuvre is in the form of "calligrammes". Alas, most of them are published in his hand writing. Only few have been typeset, and the result is far from good. Here is an example of one of his original calligrammes, called 'Le jet d'eau', taken from 'Collection de la Pleiade' published by Gallimard in Paris:

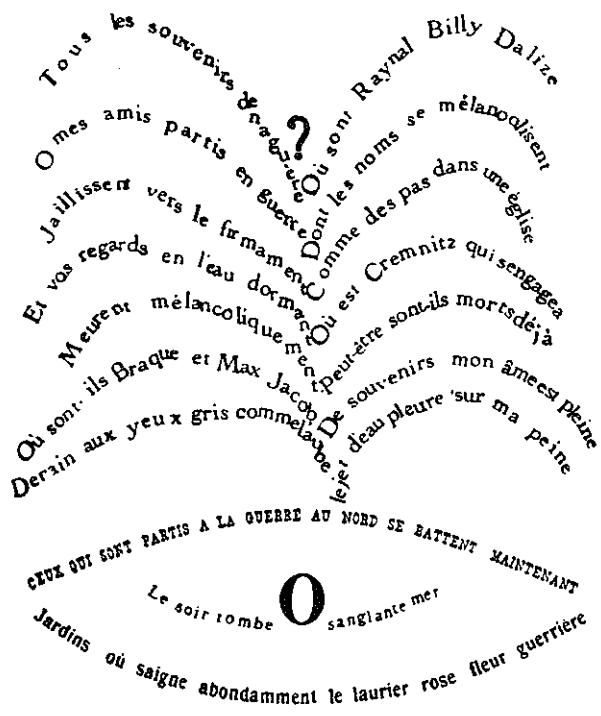


Fig. 1. Le jet d'eau - original version

The main problem with such calligrammes is that classical (photo)typesetting did not easily allow the typesetter to play with character size and orientation.

POSTSCRIPT allows character size and orientation to be modified as follows:

- a character may be displayed at any orientation and size.
- arbitrary text may be written along any path, and each character may be either orthogonal or parallel to this path.
- text can be used to fill an area of any shape.

The figure below shows a POSTSCRIPT version of 'Le jet d'eau':

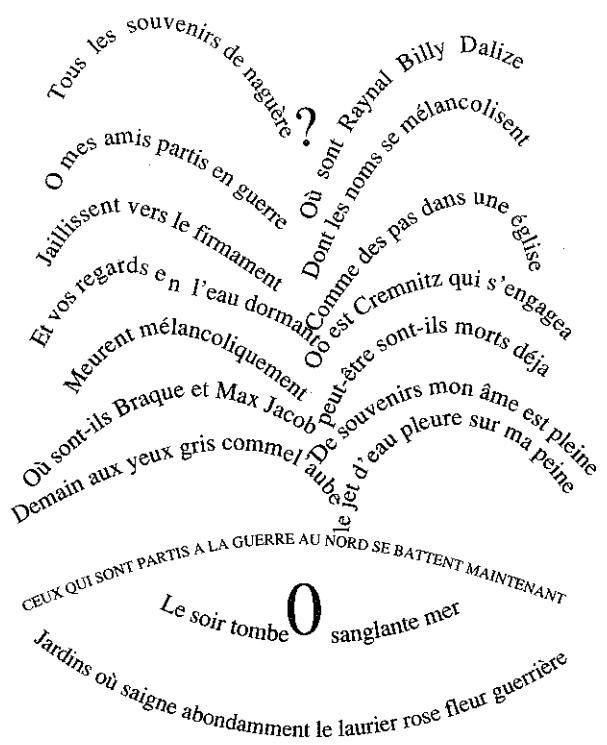
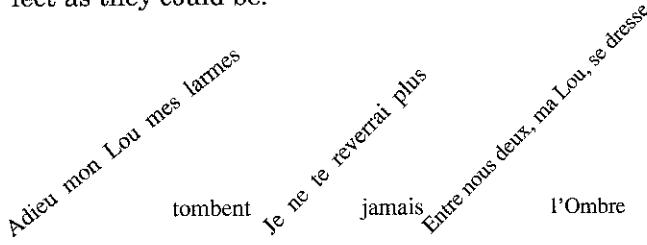


Fig. 2. Le jet d'eau – POSTSCRIPT version

The calligramme below and the one shown overleaf have been drawn using the Adobe blue book (program 11) procedure to print characters along a line. The Bézier control points have been decided "by hand". That is why these drawings are not as perfect as they could be.



Actually the problem is not how to be as close as possible to the manuscript: the problem is "How would Apollinaire have liked to see his calligrammes printed?". In that sense, it is useless to go further in the precision of these examples.

Obviously, a poet could not use native PostScript, but products such as Illustrator, Letrastudio etc. are, on the other hand, possible for them to use.

Does the poet of today know that such tools are available?

"Poètes, a vos plumes? Non, a vos Macs."

Jacques André is the coordinator of the DIDOT project on teaching digital type to both computer scientists and type designers.

Cover art - source listing

The graphic shown on the cover of this issue was produced using the code listed below. The 'skeleton' version of the poem printed at the end of this article was produced by setting the value of `test` to be true, so that rather than writing text along a path, the path is stroked.

```
%!
% --- Poeme du 9 Fevrier 1915

% --- ACCENTED FONTS ---
/dictlocal 20 dict def

/Reencode {
    dictlocal begin
    /Nouveauvect exch def

    /Nomnouvellepolice exch def

    /Nompolicedebase exch def

    /Policedebasedict Nompolicedebase findfont def
    /Nouveaudict Policedebasedict maxlen length dict def
```

```
    Policedebasedict { %forall
        exch dup /FID ne {
            dup /Encoding eq {
                exch dup length array copy Nouveaudict
                3 1 roll put
            } {
                exch Nouveaudict 3 1 roll put
            }
        ifelse
    } {
        pop pop
    } ifelse
} forall

Nouveaudict /FontName
Nomnouvellepolice put
Nouveauvectaload pop
Nouveauvect length 2 idiv {
    Nouveaudict /Encoding get 3 1 roll put
} repeat

Nomnouvellepolice Nouveaudict definefont
pop end
} def
%dictlocal

/CMPvect [
8#200 /Adieresis
8#202 /Ccedilla
8#203 /Eacute
8#205 /Odieresis
8#210 /agrave
8#211 /acircumflex
8#212 /adieresis
8#213 /aacute
8#215 /ccedilla
8#216 /eacute
8#217 /egrave
8#220 /ecircumflex
8#221 /edieresis
8#224 /icircumflex
8#225 /idieresis
8#231 /ocircumflex
8#232 /odieresis
8#235 /ugrave
8#236 /ucircumflex
8#237 /udieresis
8#245 /Acircumflex
8#346 /Ecircumflex
8#347 /Agrave
8#350 /Edieresis
8#351 /Egrave
8#353 /Icircumflex
8#354 /Idieresis
8#357 /Ocircumflex
8#363 /Ucircumflex
8#364 /Ugrave
] def

/Helvetica /F-Helvetica CMPvect Reencode
/Times-Roman /F-Times-Roman CMPvect Reencode
/Times-Italic /F-Zapf CMPvect Reencode
```

```

%% pathtext procedure for writing text
%% along a path, taken from the Adobe
%% Blue book, program 11 page 171.

/pathtextdict 26 dict def

/pathtext {
    pathtextdict begin
    /offset exch def
    /str exch def

    /pathdist 0 def
    /setdist offset def
    /charcount 0 def

    gsave
    flattenpath
    {
        movetoproc
    } {
        linetoproc
    }
    {
        curvetoproc
    } {
        closepathproc
    }
    pathforall
    grestore
    newpath end
} def
    % pathtext

pathtextdict begin%%%%%%%%%
/movetoproc {
    /newy exch def
    /newx exch def

    /first newx def
    /firsty newy def

    /ovr 0 def
    newx newy transform
    /cpy exch def
    /cpz exch def
} def
    % movetoproc

/linetoproc {
    /oldx newx def
    /oldy newy def

    /newy exch def
    /newx exch def

    /dx newx oldx sub def
    /dy newy oldy sub def
    /dist dx dup mul dy dup mul add sqrt def
    dist 0 ne
    {
        /dsx dx dist div ovr mul def
        /dsy dy dist div ovr mul def
        /oldx dsx add oldy dsy add transform
        /cpy exch def
        /cpz exch def
        /pathdist pathdist dist add def
    }
    setdist pathdist le
    {
        charcount str length lt
        {
            setchar
        } {
            exit
        } ifelse
    }
    /ovr setdist pathdist sub def
    exit
} ifelse
    } loop
} def
    % linetoproc

/curvetoproc {
    (ERREUR: curveto apres flattenpath) print
} def

/closepathproc {
    firstx firsty linetoproc firstx firsty movetop
} def

/setchar {
    /char str charcount 1 getinterval def
    /charcount charcount 1 add def
    /charwidth char stringwidth pop def
    gsave
    cpx cpy itransform translate
    dy dx atan rotate
    0 0 moveto char show
    currentpoint transform
    /cpy exch def
    /cpz exch def
    grestore
    /setdist setdist charwidth add def
} def
    %setchar
end %%%%%%%%%%% procs

```

```

/test false def
              newpath x1 y1 moveto
              x2 y2 x3 y3 x4 y4 curveto
            } def

/ecrire {
  test {
    stroke pop pop
  } {
    pathtext
  } ifelse
} def

test {
/bez {
  /y4 exch def
  /x4 exch def
  /y3 exch def
  /x3 exch def

  /y2 exch def
  /x2 exch def
  /y1 exch def
  /x1 exch def

  newpath x1 y1 moveto
  x2 y2 lineto x3 y3 lineto
  x4 y4 lineto stroke
  newpath x1 y1 moveto
  x2 y2 x3 y3 x4 y4 curveto stroke
} def
%bezier

/cercle {
  /teta2 exch def
  /teta1 exch def
  /r exch def
  /y exch def
  /x exch def

  newpath x y moveto
  x r teta1 teta2 arc closepath stroke
  newpath x y r teta1 teta2 arc stroke
} def

/segment {
  /y2 exch def
  /x2 exch def
  /y1 exch def
  /x1 exch def

  newpath x1 y1 moveto x2 y2 lineto stroke
} def
} {

/bez {
  /y4 exch def
  /x4 exch def
  /y3 exch def
  /x3 exch def

  /y2 exch def
  /x2 exch def
  /y1 exch def
  /x1 exch def

  newpath x1 y1 moveto x2 y2 lineto stroke
} def
} def

/cercle {
  /teta2 exch def
  /teta1 exch def
  /r exch def
  /y exch def
  /x exch def

  newpath x y r teta1 teta2 arc
  } def
} ifelse

/segment {
  /y2 exch def
  /x2 exch def
  /y1 exch def
  /x1 exch def

  newpath x1 y1 moveto x2 y2 lineto
  } def
} ifelse

newpath x1 y1 moveto x2 y2 lineto
} def
} ifelse

50 50 translate
/F-Zapf findfont 12 scalefont setfont
gsave 45 185 translate
0 0 moveto 25 rotate (R) show
grestore

gsave 25 125 translate
1 3 scale
0 0 moveto 40 rotate (C) show
grestore

/F-Zapf findfont 14 scalefont setfont

50 210 65 240 90 252 120 235 bez
(econnais - toi) 0 ecrire

/F-Zapf findfont 14 scalefont setfont

30 150 50 190 120 240 190 240 bez
(ette adorable personne c'est toi) 0 ecrire

65 175 110 200 120 200 125 190 bez
(sous le gran) 0 ecrire

125 185 140 170 170 190 200 240 bez
(d chapeau canotier) 0 ecrire

/F-Zapf findfont 12 scalefont setfont

55 170 60 130 85 105 110 110 bez
( V o i c i l' o v a le) 0 ecrire
110 110 120 120 130 130 140 170 bez
( de la f ig u re) 0 ecrire

/F-Zapf findfont 10 scalefont setfont

100 175 115 178 segment%100 -> 95
(Oeil) 0 ecrire

88 160 moveto (n) show

```

```
90 155 moveto (e) show  
91 150 moveto (z) show  
  
80 130 100 130 100 130 110 140 bez  
(tabouche) 0 ecrire  
  
/F-Zapf findfont 11 scalefont setfont  
  
70 90 moveto gsave 1 3 scale (t) show grestore  
(t) stringwidth pop 0 rmoveto (on) show  
60 80 moveto (voi) show  
50 70 moveto (ci enfin) show  
45 60 moveto 2.5 0 (l'impar) ashow  
40 45 95 50 segment  
(faite image) 0 ecrire  
30 30 100 40 segment  
(de ton buste a) 0 ecrire  
25 18 70 20 70 20 110 30 bez  
(dor\216 vu comme) 0 ecrire  
25 8 70 10 70 10 110 20 bez  
(\213 travers un nuage) 0 ecrire  
  
120 100 moveto gsave 1 3 scale (C) show grestore  
120 100 140 105 150 100 160 95 bez  
( ou exquis) 0 ecrire  
127 92 160 88 segment  
(un peu) 0 ecrire  
125 80 moveto (plus bas) show  
130 70 moveto (c'est ton) show  
130 60 moveto (c\372ur) show  
130 50 moveto (qui) show  
125 38 moveto (bat) show
```

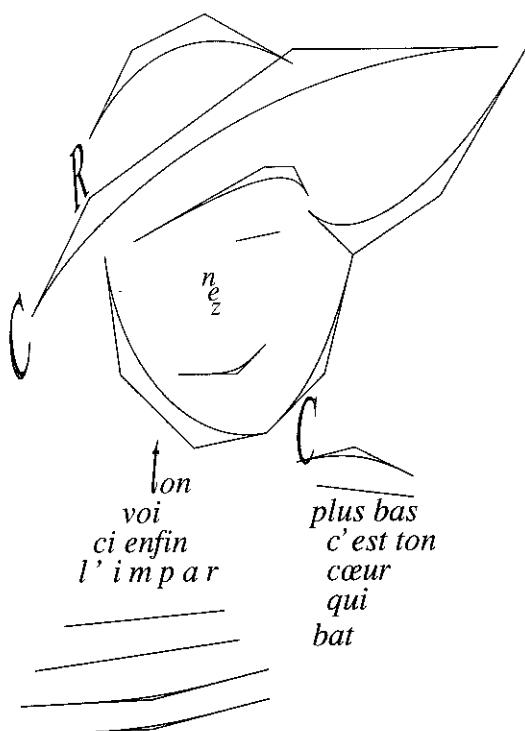


Fig. 3. "Skeleton" - test is true

Jacques André is a regular contributor to the PSLJ, and works for IRISA/INRIA-Rennes, France.

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The one thing every PMUG member has in common is the desire to make the best possible use of the program. The user group can help to achieve this aim through our:

- ▲ Bi-monthly magazine
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- ▲ Bulletin board
- ▲ Membership directory
- ▲ Technical support network
- ▲ Co-operative working relationship with Aldus

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**PageMaker User Group,
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